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EIGHT PAGES

LOGAN, CACHE COUNTY, UTAH THURSDAY APRIL 1 1915

THIRTEENTH YEAR

MONROE WOULD HAVE ROUND-UP

Citizens Petition Dr. E. G. Peterson to Institute Same, and Pledge Their Support

A very unusual petition from citizens of Monroe has just been received by Dr. E. G. Peterson, head of the Extension Division of the Utah Agricultural College. It is signed by 509 people which no doubt includes all the adult population of Monroe. They petition for a roundup and housekeepers' conference to be held in Monroe next year. The petition is headed by this statement:

"We, the undersigned citizens of Sevier county respectfully petition that a farmers roundup in 1916 be held at Monroe, Sevier county, and in the event that the roundup is held at Monroe, pledge ourselves to attend the sessions of the same and to contribute one dollar each toward expenses of same."

Several very successful roundups were held this year under the auspices of the Extension Division of the Utah Agricultural College and evidently more will be held next year. It is without doubt the most successful means of bringing the message of the institution to the people of the state.

CAR PLUNGES INTO STREAM

Four Prominent Seattle Residents Drowned as a Result of Auto Accident

Seattle, Wash., March 30.—Four persons, members of prominent pioneer Seattle families, were drowned in the Duwamish river late today as an automobile belonging to Mrs. Morgan J. Carweek ran off a bridge at Allentown, ten miles south of Seattle.

The drowned were Mr. and Mrs. Thomas W. Prosch, Miss Margaret Lenora Denny and Mrs. Harriet Foster Beecher, an artist.

The party, a delegation from the Seattle Historical society, was going to Tacoma to inspect the exhibit of the State Historical society there.

The chauffeur, Paul Kanla, applied the brakes suddenly as the car ran onto the slippery approach to the bridge. The automobile skidded, crashed through the railing and turned a complete somersault as it fell thirty feet to the river. The four drowned were caught in the wreckage of the car.

The chauffeur jumped clear as the automobile fell and swam safely to shore. Mrs. M. Carweek also succeeded in getting clear of the wreckage and took refuge on top of the car where she stood waist deep in the water until rescuers came to her assistance.

ETIQUETTE FOR PRESIDENTS AND EX-PRESIDENTS

President Wilson Thinks That There Should Be Some Rules Governing Their Relations

Washington, March 30.—President Wilson thinks that some sort of etiquette should be built up to govern relations between presidents of the United States and former presidents. He expressed the sentiment today in saying he did not think it proper to reply to recent comments upon his administration by former Presidents Taft and Roosevelt.

When at his weekly conference with the Washington correspondents today the president was reminded of Mr. Taft's recent comment on the administration's course toward the Philippines and Col. Roosevelt's remarks on the ship bill, the president declined to reply and said with a laugh that he hoped after leaving the office of president that his successors would not express opinion on what he might say about them.

The man who is a failure at inventing excuses has no business to get married.

B. Y. TRACK ATHLETES BUSY

Squad Elect Captain. New Men Report. Jensen Will Have Good Team

Track and field athletics at the B. Y. C. are the center of student activities just now. Baseball too, is equally popular. A fair sized squad report to Coach Jensen every afternoon.

As yet the coach is making no predictions, but is optimistic over the outlook for good teams.

The old track men met and elected Noble Sheffield captain of the track team. "Sheff" is a corker on the sprint and is slated to make a showing this year, providing he trains hard enough.

Sam Price of quarter mile fame, is showing up well in the mile, and half mile. The last few workouts he has cut down on the time and ought to be able to continue to do so.

EFFECT OF WAR ON GERMAN INDUSTRY

Berlin, March 30.—The business situation in Germany is regarded as fairly satisfactory and considerably better than might have been expected in view of the war. All industries of course are running on a restricted scale, chiefly because of the virtual cessation of overseas exports but as a large proportion of the skilled workmen went into the army the sharp curtailment in production was not attended by a corresponding increase in employment.

More women and girls are seeking work in some branches of industry than can find employment, but this is far from being the case with the men. On the contrary the leading industries of the country are seriously embarrassed by the scarcity of skilled workmen. This is true of the coal and iron trade, shipbuilders and certain sections of the chemical industry.

Scarcity of Workmen

A pronounced scarcity of workmen is reported from the great industrial district about Essen. The demand for coal is greater than the mines can meet although its export has been prohibited. Last month conditions in the iron were reflected by an advance in prices. The production of pig iron, running about 55 per cent of last year would be still larger if the necessary labor could be obtained. Many branches of machinery manufacture and an important branch of German industrial activity are working full time or overtime, but here also a scarcity of workmen is felt.

Locomotive and car shops are busy while shipyards evidently are working on big government orders. Two companies have stated in their annual reports that they have work on hand to last until 1916 and complain of a lack of help.

The export of potash was forbidden two months ago because of the belief that exports to neutral countries were being used to manufacture explosives for France and England. The prohibition resulted in a sharp contraction in this trade especially with the United States. Mineowners are seeking government permission to increase the price to compensate them for their loss.

Import of Wool Ceases

Textile factories engaged in turning out the cheaper lines of goods are hampered by a shortage of raw material. The import of wool has virtually ceased and woolen rags are in great demand for the making of shoddy.

Some mills have taken to spinning shoddy yarns. Inadequate receipts of American cotton have raised the prices of cotton yarns and cloth. Weavers are trying to place long contracts for yarns believing prices will go higher.

The silk trade is doing fairly well good sized American orders resulting in higher raw silk prices. The linen trade is hampered by a lack of flax which comes from Russia. Bavarian peasants are planning to devote considerable land to this hitherto neglected crop.

Dressmakers are less pressed with spring orders than is usual. Cigar and chocolates are in good demand as they are extensively used for gifts to soldiers at the front. Some book

JUNIOR PROM WAS A SUCCESS

Music Was Unusually Good. Program Carried out Without Alteration. Everything Tastefully Arranged

The Promenade given by the junior class of the U. A. C. Monday evening was a decided success from every standpoint. The music was unusually good, and everything was very tastefully arranged. The program as scheduled was carried out in detail without the slightest alteration. The whole atmosphere of the affair was in its nature democratic and informal and fitted in splendidly with the spirit of what the institution stands for.

The Thomas Smart gymnasium, where the ball was held, presented a scene of unusual beauty and gaiety. A row of large white pillars extended around the entire hall, each one entwined with green myrtle and dotted here and there with poppies that belied their artificiality.

The balcony was draped with green crepe paper and masses of red poppies on their green vine ran riot through smaller projecting poles that gave a charming roof garden effect.

From the ceiling hung baskets, filled to overflowing with myrtle and smilax from which peeped numerous crimson roses. On every hand was heard expressions of surprise that so large a hall could be so cosily and daintily decorated.

In the corners and on the sides were attractive booths filled with cushions and easy chairs that afforded resting places for the breathless dancers. There was a booth for each class and also one for the faculty. Each one was different, but all were comfortable and unique. The juniors' booth was, no doubt, the most elaborate, in fact, it was a miniature garden with a carpet of green grass furnished by nature, herself, and completely covered with entwining vines and flowers in the midst of which was an artistically arranged fountain.

The entire student body is to be congratulated for making possible such a delightful and successful party of this kind, and particularly is the Prom committee, composed of Mr. Vorhees, Miss Calvert, Mr. Aldous, Miss Christensen, and Mr. Nichols, to be complimented for their untiring efforts in bringing about a social function of such a high order and also the junior class as a whole is worthy of special mention for upon them rested the entire responsibility and due to their unity and work the event was made a reality. Without hesitation, it must be admitted that the Junior Promenade of the class of 1916 was the most successful ever given in the history of the institution.

NOON-DAY SERVICES

At midday in a local theater, a little company of men and women listening with almost breathless attention to the simple words of a man who spoke 2000 years ago—on the surface insignificant enough. But as a commemoration of the life and words of the Christ; as a message to the deeper, truer selves of the hearers; as a prophecy of the times when sorrows of life, selfishness of spirit shall give way to the divine, that meeting at the Oak theater with Rev. Frank G. Brainard as speaker was wonderful. It is the wish of the Christian people that the peace and strength of the Easter messages come to the whole of our city. For this reason, the daily twenty-five minute service all week at noon in the Oak theater, open and with a welcome to all.

music publishers report that their sales are good.

Farmers Very Busy

Farmers are among the busiest people in the empire for the task of replenishing the food supply devolves upon them and they will have to accomplish it with a diminished number of laborers. Conditions have been materially alleviated by the transfer of city industrial workers to the country. It is reported that the usual acreage of grain will be planted and preparations are being made on a large scale for spring and summer work.

French Battleship Sunk and Type Of Turkish Fort In Dardanelles



The destruction of the French battleship Bouvet and the two British battle cruisers Irresistible and Ocean by floating Turkish mines in the Dardanelles during a bombardment of the land guns by the allied fleet was the first serious blow delivered by the Turks. One of these pictures shows a fort in the Dardanelles. Some of these forts have been silenced by the warships, but others are still active and effective, as evidenced in the case of the French battleship Gueule and the British battle cruiser Indefatigable. The Bouvet is here shown.

GRAND OPERA 'MIGNON' IN THE MOVIES

Will Be Special Feature at the Lyric Theater for Friday Evening

The palatial and exclusive homes of four wealthy Californians were recently used by the California Motion Picture Corporation to get the scenic effects needed in producing the filmed version of the famous old grand opera, "Mignon."

The story of the romance carries the hero and heroine, Wilhelm Meister and Mignon, through Italy, France and Southern Germany, takes them to the ocean cliff, dense forest, village, castle and palace. The San Francisco Bay region, with its wealth of diversified scenery, offered plenty of spots for the filming of natural views. The mansions of the rich furnished ideal settings for the photographing of aristocratic castle and palace.

When the California Motion Picture Corporation was founded, the millionaire directors of the organization promised to loan the use of their homes and estates whenever they might be needed for motion picture scenery. They made good their pledges in the filming of "Mignon," Arthur W. Foster, Eugene de Sabla, Jr., Henry E. Bothin and Mrs. Theodore F. Payne, all turning their country places over to the motion picture company while sections of the photoplay were in process of being photographed.

So, when "Mignon" is seen, the motion picture public will have the satisfaction of knowing that it is getting a special and unusual peep at some of the most famous of California's beautiful and classic homes.

Miss Hannah Dowdle underwent an operation Tuesday for appendicitis. The operation was performed at her home in the Second ward by Doctors Merrill and Parkinson. The operation was successful and at last reports she was doing nicely.

U. A. C. PROFS. ARE AMONG THE SPEAKERS

At the Eighth Annual Convention of Utah Academy of Sciences

Four members of the Utah Agricultural College faculty are on the program of the Eighth Annual Convention of the Utah Academy of Sciences. The convention will meet next Friday and Saturday in the chemistry lecture room of the University of Utah.

"The Origin of Nitro Spots in Certain Western Soils" will be discussed by Dr. Robert Stewart. Dr. F. S. Harris will talk on "Effect of Soil Alkali on Plant Growth." Controlling Grasshoppers" is Dr. E. D. Ball's subject. Dr. W. E. Carroll will speak on "Effect of the Amount of Protein Consumed upon the Digestion and Protein Metabolism in Lambs and upon the Composition of their Flesh and Blood."

MARRIAGE LICENSE

County Clerk Chambers has issued marriage licenses as follows:

George Holiday of Lewiston, and Alice Maud Stevens of Centerville, Utah.

Raymond Williams of Coveville and Crieda Blair of Lewiston.

Henry Watts of Smithfield, and Leona Blair of Richmond.

Simpson Roper and Ethel Brown, both of Preston, Idaho.

F. E. Simmons and Vivien Shuttler, both of Collinston.

George Bergner, and Nettie Kelsey, both of Logan.

Charles Perry of Millville and Susan Jones of Hyrum, Utah.

Lawrence Clark of Logan, and Asenath Austin of Blackpine, Idaho.

The monthly meeting of the Relief Society will be held in the tabernacle next Saturday at 2 p. m.

SENATOR SMOOT RETURNS; EXPOSES BOURBON MISRULE

Regards Elihu Root as Leading Republican Candidate for the Presidency

Salt Lake, March 31.—United States Senator Reed Smoot returned from Washington yesterday afternoon after an absence of over four months at the national capital. He is full of confidence for the success of the Republican party nationally in 1916 and characterizes the administration as a wasteful and uneconomic government of the affairs of the country. He predicts that within a short time the federal government will be selling Panama bonds to meet the deficit in the treasury caused by the wasteful appropriations of Congress. Senator Smoot predicted that Theodore Roosevelt would be a Republican in 1916 and that he would not be a candidate for the presidential nomination. He spoke highly of the fitness of Elihu Root of New York as the Republican nominee for President and said the names of Senator Theodore Burton of Ohio, Senator Samuel Weeks of Massachusetts, Senator A. B. Cummins of Iowa, Gov. Chas. F. Whitman of New York, Justice Charles Hughes were mentioned in connection with the Republican nomination.

Root Best Fitted

"Elihu Root combines all the necessities of a President," said Senator Smoot. "He is familiar with all of the treaties of the United States, he is well versed in the work of the President, and he is one of the greatest secretaries of state this country has ever had. The American people would be glad today to have him as secretary of state and have the state department in the position in which he left it—the greatest foreign office in the world—instead of it being in the deplorable condition in which it now is. He does not want to be the nominee, as he thinks he is not physically able to carry out the duties of the office, but he is the man best fitted in this country for the place."

Senator Smoot attacked the Democratic policy in regard to the ship purchase bill and had a good laugh over a report which he received from Salt Lake. During the time he was speaking against the ship purchase bill some Progressives in Salt Lake held a meeting to protest against his course.

"It was funny to hear of this protest when Theodore Roosevelt was sending me telegrams to fight the ship purchase bill to a finish," said Senator Smoot. "There was something wrong with that bill. Someone would have made millions out of it. The ships would have been bought for a large sum and if the auction did not drag us into the European war the ships would have been sold at the close of the war for less than 20 per cent of their value the same as was done at the close of the Spanish American war."

The remarks of Secretary Franklin K. Lane concerning the power sites of Utah and the further statement of the secretary of the interior that there was more than \$100,000,000 awaiting investment in Utah potash deposits caused Senator Smoot to go into detail in connection with the course of the secretary of the interior.

Comments on Lane's Stand

"Secretary Lane made the statement while he was west that there was more than \$100,000,000 awaiting investment in the potash beds of Utah," said Senator Smoot. "The Washington papers quoted him as saying, 'It was strange the Utah people were not heard from on the leasing bills for power sites, coal lands, potash deposits and other resources which were included in the mass of leasing bills.' Senator Sutherland, Governor Spry, W. F. Jensen, myself and representatives from practically every western state went before the committee and protested against the passage of the bills. The secretary of the interior complained more than anyone else and he claimed that he wanted the bills defeated. For the bills were reported he a letter stating that there was less than \$20,000,000 awaiting investment in western power sites, coal land and potash beds.

"I am opposed to all leasing bills

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